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Which Deal Structure is Right for You?

Deal Structures in the Veterinary Market

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Agenda

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2 Deal Structure Overview

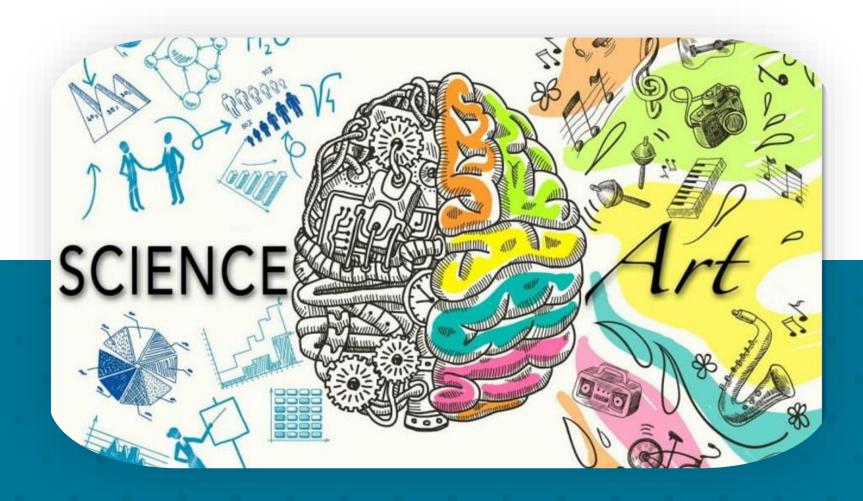
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5 Earnouts & Contingent / Seller Notes



The Art and Science of Valuation





The Science of Valuation

Hospital Valuation =

TTM Normalized EBITDA x Multiple

What is Normalized EBITDA?

EBITDA adjusted to eliminate the costs that would NOT be there and leaves only costs that would be there with a corporate owner

Addbacks:

- Personal: Auto, life insurance, family on the payroll, travel
- > Capital Expenses: New equipment, building improvements
- Advisors: Accountant, lawyer, business consultants
- and... MORE!

Additional expenses include benefit costs that may be lower with an individual owner than a corporate owner (401k match, health)

The #1 Biggest Mistake Sellers Make

Sending prospective buyers your P&L and letting them determine your TTM Normalized EBITDA



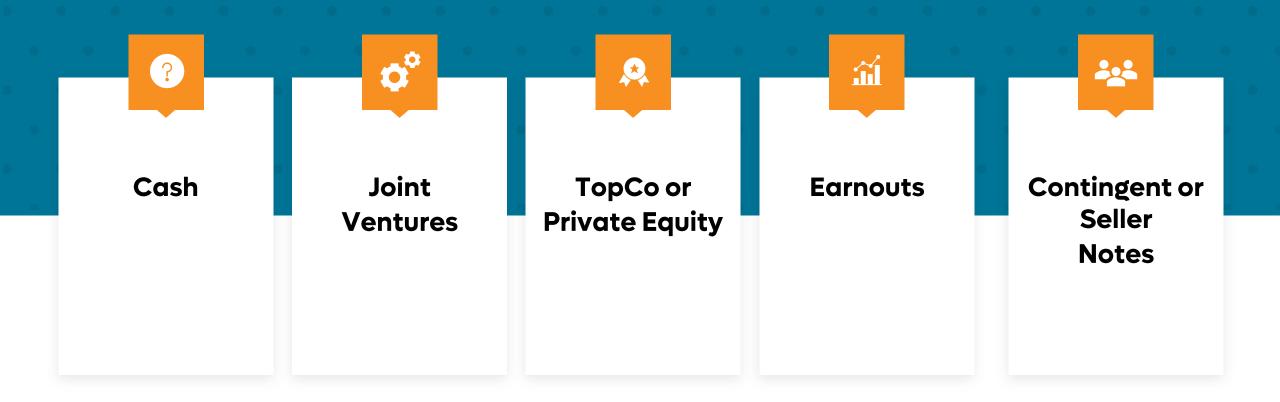
The "Art" of Determining the Multiple a Practice Receives?

PRACTICE CHARACTERISTIC	BELOW MARKET MULTIPLE	MARKET MULTIPLE	ABOVE MARKET MULTIPLE
Annual Revenue Growth	Under 5%	5-10%	10%+
Annual Revenues	Under \$2.0 Million	\$2-3 Million	\$3.0+ Million
Geography	Rural /Small Town or Slow Growing Cities	Average Growing City or Suburb	Fast Growing/ Gentrifying Areas
Demographics	Modest or Lower Income	Moderate Income	High Income
DVM Concentration Risk	1 DVM Produces 40% of Revenue (3 DVM Practice)	Biggest Producer is 30-40% (3 DVM Practice)	DVMs are Equal Producers
Staff Turnover	High Turnover	A Core of Stable Long-Term Staff	75% of Staff are Long-Term Employees
Building Capacity	At Capacity, Hard to Grow Revenues	Ability to Grow Revenues 14- 40% without adding space	Grow Revenues 50%+ Without More Space
Building Design	Dated, Client-Facing Areas Need Remodel	Space looks reasonable for the demographics	Freshly Remodeled or Recently Built Out Space
EBITDA Margins	Below 14% or Above 30%	14-19%	19-25%



Common Deal Structure Elements Today

What does it all mean?





The Right Terms: Financial

Deal Structure	Betting on Yourself	Betting on the Buyer
TopCo Equity		
Joint Venture		
Both TopCo Equity & Joint Venture		
Earnout		
Contingent Notes		
Seller Notes		⊘



Cash offers less frequent & lower amount of cash currently



Private Equity TopCo --

participation at the parent company level but illiquid and no cash flow



Joint Venture -

More leadership/investment at the practice level and continued cash flow



TopCo, JV and Earnouts --

Possible associate/staff involvement:



Joint Venture vs. TopCo Equity

TopCo Equity is owning a portion of the Parent Company – which is buying many hospitals

Parent Company -- Buyer

Joint Venture is owning a piece of your individual hospital(s)



Seller's Hospital(s) Another Hospital owned by Buyer

Another Hospital owned by Buyer



TopCo/JV Investment Uses



TopCo & JV – Majority of current buyers use one of these structures



90%+ of current transactions



Lowers risk for companies as higher multiples increase risk

- Helps ensure continued engagement on part of seller
- Less cash paid upfront



Ability to include key associates/staff

Lower risk longer





Joint Ventures



Continuing investment in the existing practice - something which you already own!

 Lower risk than current risk level? Sell 60%-80% & retain 20%-40%



Governance -- Minority owner rights?

- Do you have veto rights on some big decisions?
- Do you have <u>NO</u> rights?



Put / Call Rights

How do you exit your JV ownership?



Management fee/ Other fees - disclosure.

Do they apply on earnout/exit?



Quarterly profit distributions



Tax-deferred investment structure



Likely subordinated to company debt



Management duties: Company

Veterinary duties: Seller



Joint Ventures

Put/Call Options:

Future right to buy/sell the remaining portion







Multiple?

Discount?

Floor?

Seller

- Time-based or recap tag along?
- Valuation? How Paid?
- Minimum or maximum time frames?

Buyer

- Time based?
- Repurchase rights at exit?
- Drag along?



TopCo Equity Structure

- Pre-tax contribution to veterinary company LLC
- Ownership interest in parent veterinary company
 - Minority owner along for the ride
 - PE owner sets values and exit timing
- Diversification into multiple practices
- Debt
- No cash flow
- Capital calls?
- Non-compete terms? Sellers and associates with equity



TopCo Equity Structure



Multiple Share Classes?

- Common
- Preferred (sometimes more than 1)
 - Interest rate or hurdle?
 - Participation?
- Management Time-based or performance-based? Hurdle?
- Waterfall prioritized returns
 - Capital stack has different risk levels and should have different returns.



Valuation

- Company discretion
 - What are you being paid and what are you paying? Closer is better.
- Discount to company multiples
- Updated regularly



TopCo Equity Structure



Put/Call Options: Future right to buy / sell the equity

- Buyer Options
- Seller Options Tag Along
- Valuation? FMV or discount. Timing?
- Multiple?
 - Current market multiples
 - Hospital level multiples
 - Discounts for bad acts?



Rollover Rights

- Required vs Optional
- Valuation



TopCo Equity Returns

Time sensitive. Earlier stages may be better return

- Risk level higher
- Duration typically increases returns, longer investment = greater returns (but illiquid)

Size sensitive returns

- Smaller has greater percentage growth
- Faster percentage growth may = higher return
- Larger more stable = lower growth / risk

Historical 30%-400%. Likely lower now as values higher and growth lower.

Joint Venture vs TopCo Equity

Summary

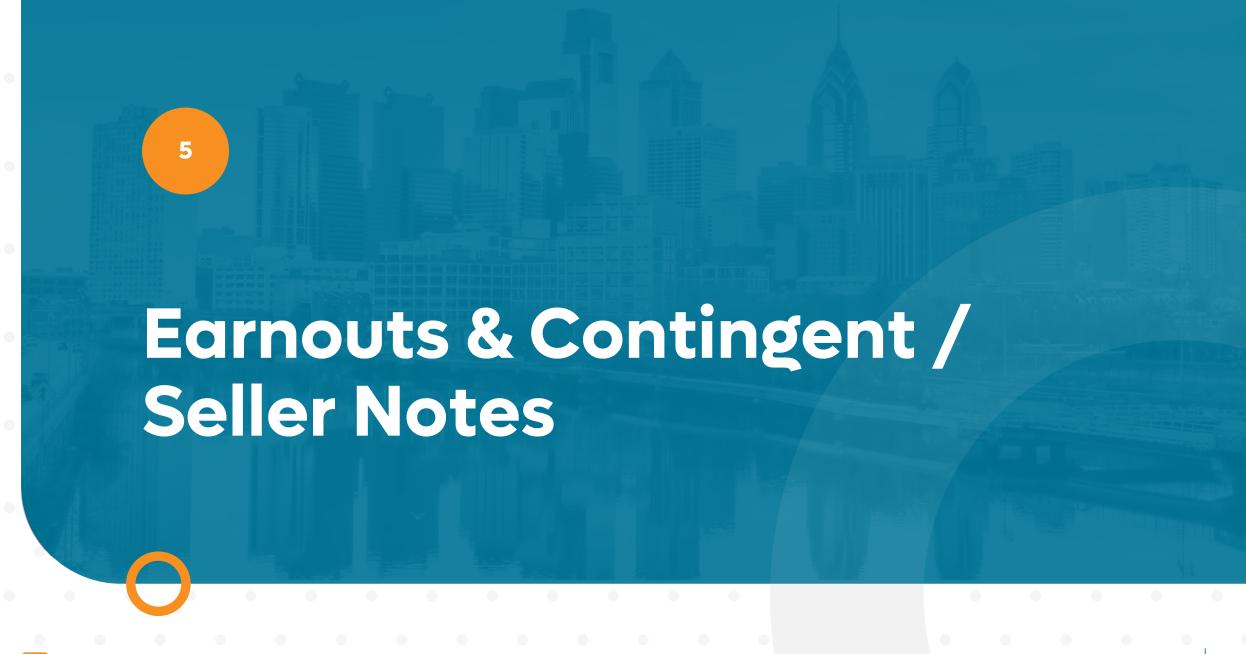
	Joint Ventures / Co-Ownership	TopCo or Private Equity
Investment / Ownership In	Your Clinic(s) as a minority partner	Buyer or parent company. May be multiple share classes
Cash Flow Characteristics	Monthly/quarterly cash distributions based on net clinic performance. Shared expenses + WC/FF&E	No Distributions
Value Creation	With growth in EBITDA of your clinic(s). Lower returns vs PE.	Parent company success = your success. Higher returns.
Risk Profile	Lower risk as local DVM you have some control/influence over success. Minimal practice level debt.	Higher risk and virtually no control over returns. Significant leverage.
Exit Options	Depends – sometimes have tag along rights or a Put/Call Option	When current investor sells - no control by practice seller



Joint Venture vs TopCo Equity

Summary

	Joint Ventures / Co-Ownership	TopCo or Private Equity
Investment at time of Sale	Pre-Tax dollars, no taxes until sell the retained ownership in hospital	No taxes until the parent company is sold
Prevalence of the Structure	Several focus on/require this strategy -More will do in certain circumstances	Widely utilized by almost all – 90%+ of companies
Ability to Include Key Associates	Yes. May need to borrow \$\$ for buy- in (Buyers/Sellers can lend to them)	Yes. Taxable at grant if equity has current value (most do)
Recapitalization – Retention/Rollover	Illiquid until Put/Call Option exercise	Illiquid until company sale



Earnouts

- Less Common Today
- Specific Situations Include:
 - Consistent above market (10%+) revenue and EBITDA growth
 - Recently hired DVM (full impact is not in the financials)
- EBITDA or Revenue-Based
- Multiple Applied to EBITDA growth?
- Maximum Payout or No 'Cap'
- Timeframe One Year Measurement Period
- 100% Sales or JVs?



Contingent and Seller Notes



Contingent Notes

- REV or EBITDA hurdle to achieve
- Paid out over multiple years
 - Annual payments, not guaranteed
 - If miss a year, usually have 'catch up' provisions
 - Includes interest
 - Retention tool to ensure employment contract compliance
- Payout period employment commitment
- Guarantor?



Seller Notes

- No economic targets
- Require continued employment
- Monthly or annual payments
 - Priority of payment if issues with buyer?
- Guarantor?
 - Priority of payment if issues with buyer?



Deal Structure Summary

Veterinarians typically have:



Limited knowledge of complex deal structures (anything but cash ©)



Limited ability to analyze Options



Limited information on private companies



Companies regularly pitching them



Speculated incredible/hyped past/future JV/PE returns



So, what to do?

Take your time, get educated, understand market & get professional advice relevant to the task

Focus on your priorities

Understand the risks and returns are variable

Understand what you are agreeing to/investing in.





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Thank You!

Do you have any questions?

